

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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1. A method for automatically creating crosstalk-corrected data of a microarray, the method comprising:

providing a microarray substrate having calibration dye spots, each of the calibration dye spots comprising a single pure dye;

for each of the calibration dye spots, generating a dye image containing at least one of the calibration dye spots for each of a plurality of output channels;

for each of the calibration dye spots, measuring an output of each of the output channels to obtain output measurements;

computing a set of correction factors from the output measurements;

and

applying the set of correction factors to data obtained from microarray images containing spots having dyes with excitation or emission spectra to obtain crosstalk-corrected data.

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2. The method as claimed in claim 1 wherein the step of generating includes the step of imaging the calibration dye spots to produce a dye image for each calibration dye spot.

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3. The method as claimed in claim 1 wherein the substrate is a glass slide.

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4. The method as claimed in claim 1 wherein each of the channels is optimized for a different dye.

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5. The method as claimed in claim 1 wherein the step of generating is performed by an imager.

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6. The method as claimed in claim 1 wherein each of the dyes is a fluorescent dye.

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1 7. The method as claimed in claim 1 wherein the step of
2 computing includes the step of computing crosstalk ratios based on spot brightness
3 values for each of the calibration dye spots on each of the output channels.

1 8. The method as claimed in claim 1 wherein the number of
2 calibration dye spots is more than or equal to the number of dyes.

1 9. The method as claimed in claim 1 wherein the calibration dye
2 spots are hybridized target DNA and fluorescently labeled probe DNA.

1 10. A system for automatically creating crosstalk-corrected data
2 of a microarray, the system comprising:
3 a microarray substrate having calibration dye spots, each of the
4 calibration dye spots comprising a single pure dye;
5 an imager having a plurality of output channels wherein for each of
6 the calibration dye spots the imager generates a dye image containing at least one of
7 the calibration dye spots for each of the output channels;
8 means for measuring an output of each of the output channels for each
9 of the calibration dye spots to obtain output measurements;
10 means for computing a set of correction factors from the output
11 measurements; and
12 means for applying the set of correction factors to data obtained from
13 microarray images containing spots having dyes with excitation or emission spectra
14 to obtain crosstalk-corrected data.

1 11. The system as claimed in claim 10 wherein the imager is a
2 microarray scanner which produces a dye image for each calibration dye spot by
3 scanning the microarray substrate with a laser of a proper wavelength for the
4 particular dye.

1 12. The system as claimed in claim 10 wherein the substrate is a
2 glass slide.

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1 13. The system as claimed in claim 10 wherein each of the
2 channels is optimized for a different dye.

1 14. The system as claimed in claim 11 wherein the microarray
2 scanner is a confocal laser microarray scanner.

1 15. The system as claimed in claim 10 wherein each of the dyes
2 is a fluorescent dye.

1 16. The system as claimed in claim 10 wherein the means for
2 computing includes means for computing crosstalk ratios based on spot brightness
3 values for each of the calibration dye spots on each of the output channels.

1 17. The system as claimed in claim 10 wherein the number of
2 calibration dye spots is more than or equal to the number of dyes.

1 18. The system as claimed in claim 10 wherein the calibration dye
2 spots are hybridized target DNA and fluorescently labeled probe DNA.

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